

BSSC Office Attendant Guess Paper 2026

Bihar Staff Selection Commission

Post:	Office Attendant (Karyalay Parichari)
Advertisement No.:	02/2022
Total Questions:	100
Total Marks:	100
Duration:	2 Hours
Mode:	Offline (OMR Based)
Negative Marking:	None
Prepared by:	Career Decode

Instructions: Each question carries 1 mark. There is no negative marking. Attempt all questions.

1 General Knowledge and General Awareness

(Questions 1–40, 1 mark each)

1.1 Indian History

Q.1. Who founded the Maurya Empire?

- (A) Ashoka
- (B) Chandragupta Maurya
- (C) Bindusara
- (D) Bimbisara

Q.2. The Battle of Plassey (1757) was fought between the British East India Company and:

- (A) Hyder Ali
- (B) Tipu Sultan
- (C) Siraj-ud-Daulah
- (D) Nizam of Hyderabad

Q.3. The Indian National Congress was founded in the year:

- (A) 1857
- (B) 1875
- (C) 1885
- (D) 1905

Q.4. Who gave the slogan “Do or Die” during the Quit India Movement?

- (A) Subhas Chandra Bose
- (B) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

- (C) Mahatma Gandhi
- (D) Jawaharlal Nehru

Q.5. The partition of Bengal was carried out in the year:

- (A) 1905
- (B) 1911
- (C) 1919
- (D) 1947

1.2 Indian Geography

Q.6. Which is the largest river in India by volume of water?

- (A) Ganga
- (B) Brahmaputra
- (C) Godavari
- (D) Yamuna

Q.7. The Tropic of Cancer does NOT pass through which of the following states?

- (A) Gujarat
- (B) Rajasthan
- (C) Bihar
- (D) Madhya Pradesh

Q.8. Which is the highest peak in India?

- (A) Mount Everest
- (B) Kanchenjunga
- (C) Nanda Devi
- (D) K2

Q.9. The Sundarbans delta is formed by which rivers?

- (A) Ganga and Brahmaputra
- (B) Ganga and Yamuna
- (C) Brahmaputra and Teesta
- (D) Ganga and Mahanadi

Q.10. Which soil type is most suitable for growing cotton in India?

- (A) Red soil
- (B) Laterite soil
- (C) Alluvial soil
- (D) Black (Regur) soil

1.3 Indian Polity and Constitution

- Q.11.** The Constitution of India came into force on:
- (A) 15 August 1947
 - (B) 26 January 1950
 - (C) 26 November 1949
 - (D) 2 October 1950
- Q.12.** Who is known as the “Father of the Indian Constitution”?
- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (B) Rajendra Prasad
 - (C) B. R. Ambedkar
 - (D) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- Q.13.** The Right to Education (Article 21-A) makes free and compulsory education a fundamental right for children in the age group:
- (A) 5–12 years
 - (B) 6–14 years
 - (C) 6–18 years
 - (D) 5–16 years
- Q.14.** Which article of the Indian Constitution abolishes untouchability?
- (A) Article 14
 - (B) Article 17
 - (C) Article 19
 - (D) Article 21
- Q.15.** The Chief Minister of a state is appointed by:
- (A) The President of India
 - (B) The Prime Minister
 - (C) The Governor of the state
 - (D) The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly

1.4 Indian Economy

- Q.16.** The Planning Commission of India was replaced by which body in 2015?
- (A) Finance Commission
 - (B) NITI Aayog
 - (C) Economic Advisory Council
 - (D) National Development Council
- Q.17.** Which sector contributes the most to India’s GDP?

- (A) Agriculture
 - (B) Industry
 - (C) Services
 - (D) Manufacturing
- Q.18.** GST (Goods and Services Tax) in India was implemented on:
- (A) 1 April 2017
 - (B) 1 July 2017
 - (C) 1 January 2018
 - (D) 1 April 2016
- Q.19.** The Green Revolution in India was primarily associated with:
- (A) Oilseeds
 - (B) Wheat and Rice
 - (C) Pulses
 - (D) Cotton
- Q.20.** Which bank is known as the “Banker’s Bank” in India?
- (A) State Bank of India
 - (B) Reserve Bank of India
 - (C) NABARD
 - (D) SIDBI

1.5 General Science – Physics and Chemistry

- Q.21.** The SI unit of electric current is:
- (A) Volt
 - (B) Watt
 - (C) Ampere
 - (D) Ohm
- Q.22.** Which gas is responsible for the greenhouse effect?
- (A) Oxygen
 - (B) Nitrogen
 - (C) Carbon dioxide
 - (D) Hydrogen
- Q.23.** The chemical formula of common salt is:
- (A) NaOH
 - (B) NaCl
 - (C) Na₂SO₄

(D) KCl

Q.24. The speed of light in vacuum is approximately:

- (A) 3×10^6 m/s
- (B) 3×10^8 m/s
- (C) 3×10^{10} m/s
- (D) 3×10^4 m/s

Q.25. pH value of pure water is:

- (A) 0
- (B) 7
- (C) 14
- (D) 4

1.6 General Science – Biology

Q.26. The largest organ in the human body is:

- (A) Heart
- (B) Liver
- (C) Skin
- (D) Lungs

Q.27. Photosynthesis in plants takes place in:

- (A) Mitochondria
- (B) Chloroplast
- (C) Nucleus
- (D) Ribosome

Q.28. Which vitamin is produced by the human body on exposure to sunlight?

- (A) Vitamin A
- (B) Vitamin B12
- (C) Vitamin C
- (D) Vitamin D

Q.29. The disease malaria is caused by:

- (A) Bacteria
- (B) Virus
- (C) Protozoan (Plasmodium)
- (D) Fungus

Q.30. Red Blood Cells (RBCs) are produced in:

- (A) Liver
- (B) Spleen
- (C) Bone Marrow
- (D) Kidney

1.7 Bihar General Knowledge

Q.31. Bihar was separated from Jharkhand on:

- (A) 15 November 2000
- (B) 1 November 2000
- (C) 26 January 2001
- (D) 9 November 2000

Q.32. The Nalanda Mahavihara, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, is located in which district of Bihar?

- (A) Gaya
- (B) Patna
- (C) Nalanda (Rajgir)
- (D) Vaishali

Q.33. Which river is known as the “Sorrow of Bihar”?

- (A) Ganga
- (B) Kosi
- (C) Son
- (D) Gandak

Q.34. Sonepur Cattle Fair (Sonepur Mela) is held at the confluence of which two rivers?

- (A) Ganga and Son
- (B) Ganga and Gandak
- (C) Son and Gandak
- (D) Ganga and Kosi

Q.35. The first Chief Minister of Bihar after independence was:

- (A) Sri Krishna Sinha
- (B) Jagannath Mishra
- (C) Karpoori Thakur
- (D) Anugrah Narayan Sinha

1.8 Current Affairs and Miscellaneous

- Q.36.** Who won the FIFA World Cup 2022?
- (A) France
 - (B) Brazil
 - (C) Argentina
 - (D) Germany
- Q.37.** Chandrayaan-3 successfully landed on the Moon on:
- (A) 14 July 2023
 - (B) 23 August 2023
 - (C) 5 September 2023
 - (D) 1 October 2023
- Q.38.** The “One District One Product” (ODOP) scheme in Bihar promotes:
- (A) Agricultural exports only
 - (B) Local traditional products and handicrafts from each district
 - (C) Industrial zones in each district
 - (D) Tourist destinations in each district
- Q.39.** Which of the following is the capital of Bihar?
- (A) Gaya
 - (B) Muzaffarpur
 - (C) Patna
 - (D) Bhagalpur
- Q.40.** National Sports Day in India is celebrated on:
- (A) 29 August
 - (B) 15 August
 - (C) 5 September
 - (D) 14 November

2 General Mathematics

(Questions 41–70, 1 mark each)

2.1 Number System and HCF/LCM

Q.41. The HCF of 36 and 48 is:

- (A) 6
- (B) 12
- (C) 18
- (D) 24

Q.42. The LCM of 12, 18 and 24 is:

- (A) 36
- (B) 48
- (C) 72
- (D) 96

Q.43. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 11?

- (A) 13542
- (B) 45672
- (C) 23451
- (D) 98167

2.2 Percentage

Q.44. If 25% of a number is 75, then the number is:

- (A) 200
- (B) 250
- (C) 300
- (D) 350

Q.45. A student scored 450 marks out of 600. What percentage did the student score?

- (A) 70%
- (B) 72%
- (C) 75%
- (D) 80%

Q.46. The population of a village increased from 8000 to 10000. The percentage increase is:

- (A) 20%
- (B) 25%
- (C) 30%
- (D) 15%

2.3 Profit and Loss

- Q.47.** A shopkeeper buys an article for Rs. 400 and sells it for Rs. 500. What is the profit percentage?
- (A) 20%
 - (B) 25%
 - (C) 30%
 - (D) 15%
- Q.48.** An item is sold at Rs. 480 at a loss of 20%. What was the cost price?
- (A) Rs. 560
 - (B) Rs. 580
 - (C) Rs. 600
 - (D) Rs. 640
- Q.49.** A trader marks his goods 40% above the cost price and then gives a discount of 10%. What is his profit percentage?
- (A) 30%
 - (B) 26%
 - (C) 24%
 - (D) 32%

2.4 Ratio and Proportion

- Q.50.** If $A : B = 3 : 4$ and $B : C = 5 : 6$, then $A : B : C$ is:
- (A) 15 : 20 : 24
 - (B) 3 : 4 : 5
 - (C) 9 : 12 : 15
 - (D) 15 : 20 : 30
- Q.51.** Divide Rs. 1800 between A and B in the ratio 5 : 4. How much does A get?
- (A) Rs. 800
 - (B) Rs. 900
 - (C) Rs. 1000
 - (D) Rs. 1100

2.5 Time and Work

- Q.52.** A can do a piece of work in 12 days and B can do it in 18 days. How many days will they take to complete the work together?
- (A) $\frac{36}{5}$ days

- (B) $\frac{36}{7}$ days
(C) 8 days
(D) 9 days
- Q.53.** A alone can complete a work in 20 days. After working for 5 days, he leaves. B completes the remaining work in 10 days. In how many days can B alone complete the whole work?
- (A) $\frac{40}{3}$ days
(B) $13\frac{1}{3}$ days
(C) 15 days
(D) 12 days
- Q.54.** 6 workers can build a wall in 20 days. How many days will 10 workers take to build the same wall?
- (A) 10 days
(B) 12 days
(C) 15 days
(D) 18 days

2.6 Simple and Compound Interest

- Q.55.** Find the simple interest on Rs. 5000 at 8% per annum for 3 years.
- (A) Rs. 1000
(B) Rs. 1200
(C) Rs. 1500
(D) Rs. 1800
- Q.56.** A sum of Rs. 2000 is invested at 10% per annum compound interest. What is the amount after 2 years?
- (A) Rs. 2400
(B) Rs. 2420
(C) Rs. 2200
(D) Rs. 2440
- Q.57.** The difference between compound interest and simple interest on Rs. 1000 at 10% per annum for 2 years is:
- (A) Rs. 5
(B) Rs. 10
(C) Rs. 15
(D) Rs. 20

2.7 Averages

- Q.58.** The average of five numbers is 28. If one of the numbers is 20, what is the average of the remaining four?
- (A) 28
 - (B) 29
 - (C) 30
 - (D) 32
- Q.59.** The average age of a class of 30 students is 14 years. If the teacher's age is included, the average becomes 15 years. What is the teacher's age?
- (A) 40 years
 - (B) 42 years
 - (C) 44 years
 - (D) 45 years

2.8 Mensuration

- Q.60.** The area of a rectangle is 192 cm^2 and its length is 16 cm. What is its perimeter?
- (A) 52 cm
 - (B) 56 cm
 - (C) 60 cm
 - (D) 64 cm
- Q.61.** The radius of a circle is 7 cm. What is its circumference? (Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
- (A) 22 cm
 - (B) 44 cm
 - (C) 154 cm
 - (D) 88 cm
- Q.62.** The volume of a cube whose side is 5 cm is:
- (A) 25 cm^3
 - (B) 75 cm^3
 - (C) 100 cm^3
 - (D) 125 cm^3

2.9 Speed, Distance and Time

- Q.63.** A train travels 360 km in 4 hours. What is its speed in km/h?
- (A) 80 km/h
 - (B) 90 km/h

- (C) 100 km/h
- (D) 72 km/h

Q.64. A person covers a distance of 1.5 km in 30 minutes. What is his speed in km/h?

- (A) 2 km/h
- (B) 3 km/h
- (C) 4 km/h
- (D) 5 km/h

2.10 Miscellaneous Mathematics

Q.65. If $x + y = 10$ and $xy = 21$, then $x^2 + y^2$ equals:

- (A) 58
- (B) 62
- (C) 65
- (D) 79

Q.66. The square root of 1764 is:

- (A) 40
- (B) 42
- (C) 44
- (D) 46

Q.67. A number when divided by 6 leaves a remainder of 3. What will be the remainder when the square of that number is divided by 6?

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

3 General Hindi

(Questions 71–100, 1 mark each)

3.1 Vyakaran – Sandhi (Joining of Words)

Q.68. “Vidyarthi” is formed by the sandhi of:

- (A) Vidya + Arthi
- (B) Vidya + Urthi
- (C) Vidya + Irthi
- (D) Vidy + Arthi

Q.69. Which sandhi is used in the word “Swagatam”?

- (A) Vyanjan Sandhi
- (B) Visarg Sandhi
- (C) Swar Sandhi (Guna Sandhi)
- (D) Swar Sandhi (Vridhi Sandhi)

3.2 Vyakaran – Samaas (Compound Words)

Q.70. “Rashtrapati” is an example of which type of Samaas?

- (A) Tatpurusha
- (B) Dvandva
- (C) Bahuvrihi
- (D) Avyayibhava

Q.71. “Pita-Putra” (father and son) is an example of:

- (A) Tatpurusha Samaas
- (B) Dvandva Samaas
- (C) Karmadharaya Samaas
- (D) Dvigu Samaas

3.3 Vyakaran – Kaal (Tense)

Q.72. The sentence “Ram is eating food” is in which tense?

- (A) Past (Bhoot Kaal)
- (B) Present (Vartaman Kaal)
- (C) Future (Bhavishy Kaal)
- (D) None of these

3.4 Paryayvachi Shabd (Synonyms)

Q.73. Which of the following is a synonym of “Aakash” (Sky)?

- (A) Dharti
- (B) Nabhah
- (C) Sagar
- (D) Parvat

Q.74. Which of the following is a synonym of “Surya” (Sun)?

- (A) Chandra
- (B) Ravi
- (C) Nakshatra

(D) Tara

Q.75. The synonym of “Nadi” (River) is:

- (A) Sagar
- (B) Talab
- (C) Sarit
- (D) Koop

3.5 Vilom Shabd (Antonyms)

Q.76. The antonym of “Aadar” (Respect) is:

- (A) Sammaan
- (B) Apamaan
- (C) Priya
- (D) Anand

Q.77. The antonym of “Uttam” (Best/Good) is:

- (A) Madhyam
- (B) Shreshtha
- (C) Adhyam
- (D) Nirbal

Q.78. The antonym of “Priya” (Dear/Beloved) is:

- (A) Aadarniya
- (B) Apriya
- (C) Prem
- (D) Sukha

3.6 Muhavare aur Lokoktiyan (Idioms and Proverbs)

Q.79. What is the meaning of the idiom “Aankh ka taara hona”?

- (A) To be a star in the sky
- (B) To be very dear/beloved
- (C) To have good eyesight
- (D) To be very clever

Q.80. What is the meaning of the proverb “Ek aur ek gyarah hote hain”?

- (A) Counting of numbers
- (B) Unity is strength
- (C) One person is always better
- (D) Arguments increase a problem

Q.81. The idiom “Daant khatte karna” means:

- (A) To eat sour food
- (B) To defeat someone completely
- (C) To be frightened
- (D) To embarrass someone

3.7 Anekarthi Shabd (Homonyms) and Shuddha Vartnani (Correct Spelling)

Q.82. Which of the following is the correctly spelled word in Hindi?

- (A) Sthiti
- (B) Sthithi
- (C) Sthitee
- (D) Sthaiti

Q.83. The word “Kanak” means:

- (A) Gold only
- (B) Wheat only
- (C) Both Gold and Wheat (Anekarthi)
- (D) River

3.8 Ling (Gender) and Vachan (Number)

Q.84. The feminine gender (Striling) of “Neta” (Leader) is:

- (A) Netain
- (B) Netri
- (C) Netika
- (D) Neta (same)

Q.85. The plural form of “Ladka” (Boy) is:

- (A) Ladkon
- (B) Ladke
- (C) Ladkaen
- (D) Ladkiyan

3.9 Ras and Alankar (Figures of Speech)

Q.86. “Veer Ras” is used in poetry to express which emotion?

- (A) Love
- (B) Courage and heroism

- (C) Sorrow
- (D) Disgust

Q.87. Which Alankar (figure of speech) is present in: “Peepa peeve sab jag piya, peeve na jaane koi”?

- (A) Rupak
- (B) Shlesh
- (C) Yamak
- (D) Anupras

3.10 Apathit Gadyansh (Unseen Passage)

Read the following passage and answer questions 91–95.

Shiksha manav jeevan ka aadhar hai. Ek shikshit vyakti hi samaj ko sahi disha de sakta hai. Shiksha se na keval gyaan milta hai, balki manav mein naitik mulyon ka bhi vikas hota hai. Aaj ke daur mein pratyek nagarik ko shiksha prapt karna chahiye taki wah apne adhikaron aur kartavyon ko samajh sake. Sarkar ne bhi Shiksha Ka Adhikar Adhiniyam ke madhyam se 6 se 14 varsh ke bachon ko nishulk aur anivary shiksha ka adhikar diya hai.

Q.88. According to the passage, what is the basis of human life?

- (A) Money
- (B) Education
- (C) Family
- (D) Health

Q.89. What does education develop in a person, besides knowledge?

- (A) Physical strength
- (B) Moral values
- (C) Wealth
- (D) Political power

Q.90. Under which Act has the government given children the right to free and compulsory education?

- (A) Right to Information Act
- (B) Right to Education Act
- (C) Child Labour Prohibition Act
- (D) Consumer Protection Act

Q.91. For which age group is free and compulsory education provided?

- (A) 5 to 12 years
- (B) 6 to 14 years
- (C) 6 to 18 years

(D) 4 to 14 years

Q.92. Which word in the passage is an antonym of “Naitik” (Moral)?

- (A) Gyaan
- (B) Anaitik
- (C) Samaj
- (D) Adhikar

3.11 Hindi Grammar – Karak (Case) and Miscellanea

Q.93. The vibhakti (postposition) “ko” indicates which Karak?

- (A) Kartaa Karak
- (B) Karam Karak
- (C) Karana Karak
- (D) Adhikarana Karak

Q.94. Which of the following is an example of “Udaharan Alankar” (Simile – Upama)?

- (A) Mukh chandra ke samaan sundar hai
- (B) Mukh hi chandra hai
- (C) Chanda chamke raat bhar
- (D) Tara tara pe tara

Q.95. A letter written to a government officer requesting something is called:

- (A) Aatmakatha
- (B) Prarthna Patra (Application)
- (C) Sanpadakiya
- (D) Kahani

Q.96. How many vowels (Swar) are there in the standard Hindi (Devanagari) alphabet?

- (A) 11
- (B) 13
- (C) 16
- (D) 10

Q.97. The word “Swadheen” (Independent) is formed by which prefix?

- (A) Nis
- (B) Swa
- (C) Sam
- (D) Pra

Q.98. In Hindi grammar, the sentence “Ram ne kitab padhi” (Ram read the book) uses which Karak for Ram?

- (A) Karam Karak
- (B) Kartaa Karak (with ne)
- (C) Adhikarana Karak
- (D) Apadan Karak

Q.99. Which of the following is a “Tatsam” (Sanskrit-origin unchanged) word?

- (A) Aag
- (B) Agni
- (C) Aankh
- (D) Aatma (same in Sanskrit)

Q.100. The correct plural of “Kitab” (Book) in Hindi is:

- (A) Kitaben
- (B) Kitaben (Kitaaben)
- (C) Kitabein
- (D) Kitaab

Answer Key

Q. No.	Answer	Brief Answer
1	B	Chandragupta Maurya founded the Maurya Empire
2	C	Siraj-ud-Daulah fought against British at Plassey
3	C	INC founded in 1885
4	C	Mahatma Gandhi gave the slogan "Do or Die"
5	A	Partition of Bengal in 1905
6	B	Brahmaputra has highest volume of water in India
7	C	Tropic of Cancer does not pass through Bihar
8	D	K2 is the highest peak in India (in PoK/Ladakh)
9	A	Sundarbans formed by Ganga and Brahmaputra
10	D	Black (Regur) soil is best for cotton cultivation
11	B	Constitution came into force on 26 January 1950
12	C	B. R. Ambedkar is Father of Indian Constitution
13	B	Article 21-A provides RTE for children aged 6–14
14	B	Article 17 abolishes untouchability
15	C	Chief Minister is appointed by the Governor
16	B	Planning Commission replaced by NITI Aayog in 2015
17	C	Services sector contributes most to India's GDP
18	B	GST implemented on 1 July 2017
19	B	Green Revolution mainly for wheat and rice
20	B	RBI is known as Banker's Bank
21	C	Ampere is SI unit of electric current
22	C	Carbon dioxide causes the greenhouse effect
23	B	NaCl is the chemical formula of common salt
24	B	Speed of light is 3×10^8 m/s
25	B	Pure water has pH value of 7
26	C	Skin is the largest organ in the human body
27	B	Photosynthesis occurs in the Chloroplast
28	D	Vitamin D is produced on exposure to sunlight
29	C	Malaria is caused by Plasmodium (protozoan)
30	C	RBCs are produced in the Bone Marrow
31	A	Bihar separated from Jharkhand on 15 November 2000
32	C	Nalanda Mahavihara is in Nalanda (Rajgir) district
33	B	Kosi river is known as the Sorrow of Bihar
34	B	Sonepur Mela held at confluence of Ganga and Gandak
35	A	Sri Krishna Sinha was the first Chief Minister of Bihar
36	C	Argentina won FIFA World Cup 2022
37	B	Chandrayaan-3 landed on Moon on 23 August 2023

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Answer Key – continued from previous page

Q. No.	Answer	Brief Answer
38	B	ODOP promotes local traditional products from each district
39	C	Patna is the capital of Bihar
40	A	National Sports Day is on 29 August (Dhyan Chand birthday)
41	B	HCF of 36 and 48 is 12
42	C	LCM of 12, 18 and 24 is 72
43	B	45672 is divisible by 11 (alternating digit sum: $4-5+6-7+2=0$)
44	C	25 percent of 300 equals 75, so number is 300
45	C	450 out of 600 equals 75 percent
46	B	Increase from 8000 to 10000 is 25 percent
47	B	Profit percent: 100 divided by 400 times 100 = 25 percent
48	C	CP = 480 divided by 0.80 = Rs 600
49	B	Mark 40 percent up, discount 10 percent gives 26 percent profit
50	A	A:B:C = 15:20:24
51	C	A's share = 5 divided by 9 times 1800 = Rs 1000
52	B	Together they finish in 36 divided by 7 days
53	B	B alone = 40 divided by 3 days; answer is 13 and $\frac{1}{3}$ days
54	B	6 times 20 divided by 10 = 12 days
55	B	SI = 5000 times 8 times 3 divided by 100 = Rs 1200
56	B	Amount = 2000 times 1.1 squared = Rs 2420
57	B	Difference = P times R squared divided by 10000 = Rs 10
58	C	Remaining 4 numbers total = 140 minus 20 = 120; avg = 30
59	D	Teacher's age = 31 times 15 minus 30 times 14 = 465 minus 420 = 45 years
60	B	Width = 192 divided by 16 = 12 cm; perimeter = 2 times 28 = 56 cm
61	B	Circumference = 2 times $\frac{22}{7}$ times 7 = 44 cm
62	D	Volume = 5 cubed = 125 cm cubed
63	B	Speed = 360 divided by 4 = 90 km/h
64	B	Speed = 1.5 divided by 0.5 = 3 km/h
65	A	$x^2 + y^2 = (x+y)^2 - 2xy = 100 - 42 = 58$
66	B	Square root of 1764 = 42
67	C	Number = $6q+3$; square = $36q^2+36q+9$; remainder when divided by 6 is 3
68	A	Vidya + Arthi forms Vidyarthi
69	C	Swagatam uses Guna Sandhi (Swar Sandhi)
70	A	Rashtrapati is Tatpurusha Samaas

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Answer Key – continued from previous page

Q. No.	Answer	Brief Answer
71	B	Pita-Putra is Dvandva Samaas
72	B	Present tense (Vartaman Kaal)
73	B	Nabhah is a synonym of Aakash (sky)
74	B	Ravi is a synonym of Surya (sun)
75	C	Sarit is a synonym of Nadi (river)
76	B	Antonym of Aadar (respect) is Apamaan
77	C	Antonym of Uttam is Adhyam
78	B	Antonym of Priya is Apriya
79	B	Aankh ka taara hona means to be very dear or beloved
80	B	Ek aur ek gyarah hote hain means unity is strength
81	B	Daant khatte karna means to defeat someone completely
82	A	Sthiti is the correctly spelled word
83	C	Kanak is an anekarthi word meaning both gold and wheat
84	B	Feminine of Neta is Netri
85	B	Plural of Ladka is Ladke
86	B	Veer Ras expresses courage and heroism
87	C	Yamak Alankar involves repetition of same word with different meanings
88	B	Education is the basis of human life (passage Q1)
89	B	Education develops moral values besides knowledge
90	B	Right to Education Act provides free and compulsory education
91	B	Free education is for age group 6 to 14 years
92	B	Anaitik is the antonym of Naitik (passage answer)
93	B	Ko indicates Karam Karak
94	A	Mukh chandra ke samaan sundar hai is an example of Upama (Simile)
95	B	A letter to government officer requesting something is Prarthna Patra
96	A	There are 11 standard vowels (Swar) in Hindi alphabet
97	B	Swadheen is formed by the prefix Swa
98	B	Ram ne uses Kartaa Karak with ne vibhakti
99	B	Agni is a Tatsam (unchanged Sanskrit origin) word
100	B	Correct plural of Kitab is Kitaben (Kitaaben)